

Belgian and International inheritance (tax and civil aspects)

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9 November 2023





New conference cycle 2023 - 2024

Seminars in English

9 November 2023

Belgian and international <u>inheritance</u> (civil and tax aspects)

12 December 2023

Gifts in an international context (civil and tax aspects)

Date to be confirmed

Belgian <u>real estate</u> (civil and tax aspects)

Seminars in French

17 octobre 2023

Successions dans un contexte internationa (aspects civils & fiscaux)

28 novembre 2023

<u>Donations</u> dans un contexte international (aspects civils & fiscaux)

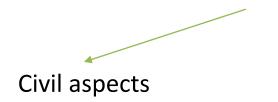
Date à confirmer

Immobilier belge (aspects civils & fiscaux)





Inheritance (international context)



- O Who are the heirs?
- O Who inherits?
- What is each heir entitled to?
- How to protect the surviving spouse/partner?
- o Etc.

Flexibility:
choice of law?

Nationality

Country of residence



- What are the taxation criteria?
- Is there a risk of double-taxation?
- What is the impact of EU PPI N°7?
- o Etc.

Solutions to multi-taxation?



Inheritance: Civil aspects



Possibility to choose the <u>civil</u> law applicable to one's estate (EU Regulation No.650/2012)



- ☐ A single civil law for the entire estate?
 - ➤ <u>If no choice</u>: law of the state of the "usual residence" at the time of death
 - → Exceptions?
 - > Possible choice: law of the country of nationality
 - → Recent ECJ decision C-21/22 of 12.10.2023

choice
at the time
of death

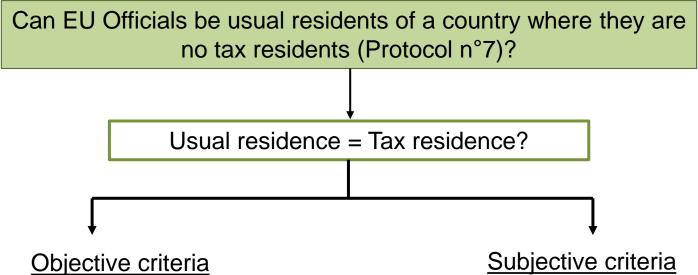
upon





How to determine one's usual residence? EU Regulation No. 650/2012





- Duration and regularity of the stay
- Centre of personal and family interests
- Location of the estate
- Etc.

- Intention to establish stable and permanent centre of vital interests in the State
- Etc.





How to make a choice of law? EU Regulation No. 650/2012



- ☐ How to express the choice of law?
 - Will
 - Inheritance Agreement
- **☐** Multiple nationality?
- ☐ How to make a choice between the different national laws?



Civil aspects: comparison of rules in Belgium vs. some other EU Member States



Inheritance: Belgian estate Law - Principles -



- Belgian law: When does it apply?
- Legal inheritance devolution (in the absence of a will)



- Modernisation of Belgian law
- Possible derogations:
 - Will/Testament
 - Inheritance agreement
 - Gifts (possible to retain most rights)

Limits?

Reserved portions (cfr. next slide)





Belgian estate law - Will vs. hereditary reserves -

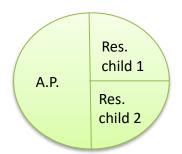


☐ Children's reserved portion (global reserve)

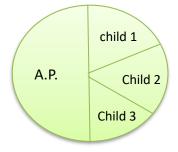
If the deceased has 1 child



If the deceased has 2 children



If the deceased has 3 children



- **☐** Surviving spouse/partner's reserved portion?
- Ascendants' reserved portion?



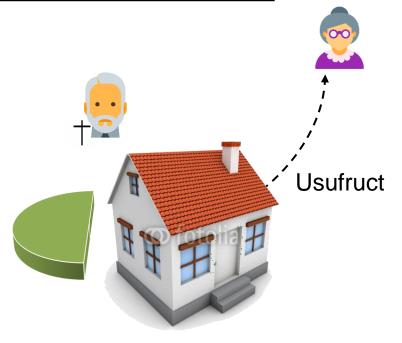
Belgian estate law



- Reserved portion of the spouse -

Tangible reserve

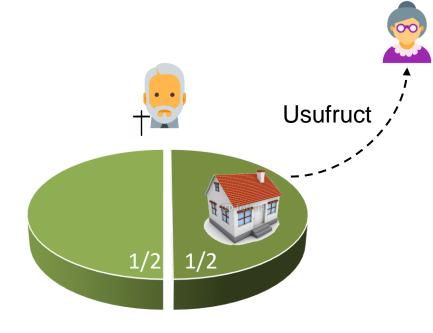
Usufruct of the domicile > usufruct of half of the estate



Succession estate

Abstract reserve

Usufruct of the domicile < usufruct of half of the estate</p>



Succession estate

Articulation?



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Belgian Estate Law



Deceased has one surviving spouse and two children.

- **☐** Axis n°1: Estate distribution WITHOUT will
 - Spouse: usufruct of the entire estate
 - Children: bare ownership of the entire estate
- Axis n°2: Inheritance WITH will
 - > Freedom vs hereditary reserve?
 - Spouse: usufruct of ½ the entire estate
 - <u>Children</u>: each is given ¼ of the entire estate (global reserve)
- Axis n° 3: Inheritance agreement: authorised





Compared Inheritance Law - Conclusion

Deceased has one surviving spouse and two children

		Belgium	Germany	Spain	UK	Italy	Poland	France
No will	<u></u>	100% usufruct	1/4 or 1/2 ownership (cf. marriage contract)	1/3 usufruct	Everything up to £270K +spec. assets + part of the remainder	1/3 ownership	1/3 ownership	1/4 ownership OR 100% usufruct
		100% bare owners	Remainder	Remainder	Residual portion	Remainder	Remainder	Remainder
Reserved				Local specif.	×		\	×
		*		Local specif.	×	\	\	\
Inheritance agreement?		\		×	\	×	V	\



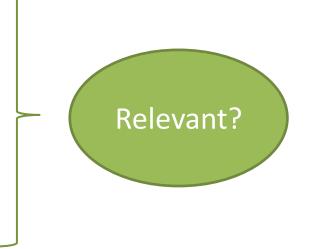
Inheritance: Tax aspects



Taxation of international inheritances - Tax criteria -

- ☐ External factors to consider during matters of inheritance:
 - Nationality of the deceased/heirs
 - Residence of the deceased
 - Residence of the heirs
 - Location of the assets
 - Place of death
 - *Etc.*

Caution: criteria vary according to the competent State
→ risk of multiple taxation





Taxation of International inheritances



- External elements: multiple taxation -

☐ Agreements signed by Belgium



• Inheritance: France & Sweden

☐ Other EU countries have signed more treaties:



• <u>Inheritance</u>: Ireland, South Africa, USA, Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, etc.



Inheritance: Austria, Czech Republic, Hungary, etc.



• Inheritance: USA, UK, France, Sweden, Denmark, Greece, etc.



• <u>Inheritance</u>: France, Sweden, etc.



• <u>Inheritance</u>: USA, Canada, Germany, Italy, Spain, Portugal, UK, Qatar, Bahrain, U.A.E., *etc*.



<u>Inheritance</u>: USA, France, Denmark, Sweden, Switzerland, Greece, etc.

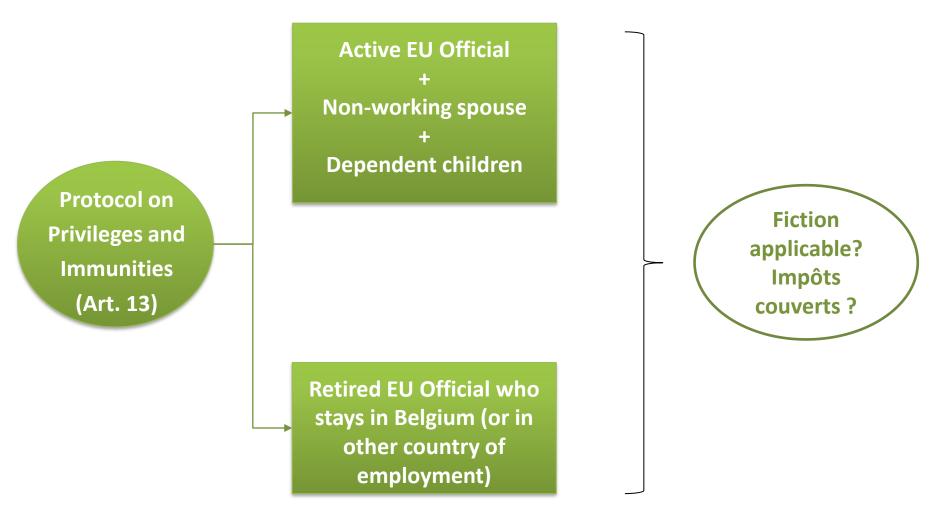




Taxation of international inheritances







Please note that some EU Officials are covered by special protocols

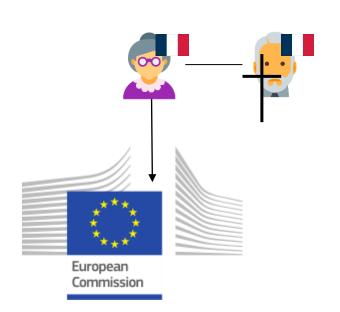




Taxation of international inheritances - EU Officials: Protocol N°7 -



Does the surviving spouse benefit of EU Protocol n°7?



Case 1: Mr dies while working as an executive in a Brussels company

Case 2: Mr dies while working as an EU Official

Case 3: Mr was an EU Official. He died after retirement in Belgium

Case 4: Mr. met his wife in Brussels when she was already working for the EC. He was never employed (stay-at-home-dad) before he died





- Taxation of International inheritances



- Belgian Inheritance Tax -
- ☐ Inheritance tax upon death of a Belgian resident
 - > Taxable base?
 - Rates?
 - Persons liable?
- Transfer of duties upon the death of a non-Belgian resident (e.g. active EU officials)
 - > Taxable base?
 - Rates?
 - Persons liable?



Possible reduction / elimination of IHT via gifts, life insurances, split acquisitions, foundations, testaments (eg. family home), etc.





Taxation of International inheritances Belgian Inheritance Tax rates*



Brussels

Children/spouse 3% to 30%
Brothers/sisters 20% to 65%
Uncles/nephews 35% to 70%
Third parties 40% to 80%

New rules from 1st january 2024

■ Walloon Region

Children/spouse 3% to 30%
Brothers/sisters 20% to 65%
Uncles/nephews 25% to 70%
Third parties 30% to 80%

□ Flanders

Children/spouse 3% to 27%
 Others 25% to 55%

<u>Specificities</u>: Distinction between movable and immovable property + € 50,000 exemption for the spouse on movable property

<u>Full exemption</u> of the family home for:

- the surviving spouse?
- cohabitants?

Other reduced rates or specificities?



Taxation of International inheritances

- Major disparities between countries -



Deceased has one surviving spouse and two children

	B elgium	Germany	≰ Spain	₩ Z Z UK	Italy	Poland	France	® Portugal
IHT rate (direct line)	Up to 30% (local. Spec.)	Up to 30%	Up to 34% (+ local. Spec.)	40%	Up to 4%	Ø	Up to 45%	Ø
Surviving spouse	Up to 30% / domicile exempted (local. Spec.)	Tax free allowance	Tax free allowance (+ local spec.)	Ø	Tax free allowance	Ø	Ø	Ø
Children	Up to 30% (local. Spec.)	Tax free allowance	Tax free allowance (local spec.)	Tax free allowance	Tax free allowance	Ø	Tax free allowance	Ø





Taxation of International inheritances



- Major disparities between countries -

Deceased has one surviving spouse and two children.



No IHT due







Taxation of International inheritances Risks of multiple taxation



□ Practical case

<u>Example</u>: a retired EU official (recruited in Germany) living in Belgium dies with a villa on the Costa del Sol (Spain). His heirs are his children residing in France.

- Germany taxes?
- Belgium taxes?
- Spain taxes?
- France taxes?

☐ Solutions?

- Personal planning (cfr. our next seminars)
- Double taxation treaties (if any)
- Domestic Laws





Dekeyser & Associés is a Brussels-based boutique law firm specializing in estate law (inheritance, gifts, etc.) and in Belgian and international tax law.

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We offer full support and propose different fee formulas (hourly rate, fixed rate, etc.).

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Thank you for your attention



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